## Table 9. 12-Month Incidence of Crime Victimization Among Males with SMI, Incidence Ratios (Relative to the NCVS), and 95\% Confidence Intervals by Race/Ethnicity ${ }^{\text {a }}$

| Type of Crime ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | African American ( $\mathrm{n}=231$ incidents) |  |  |  | Non-Hispanic White ( $\mathrm{n}=222$ incidents) |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Hispanic } \\ (n=91 \text { incidents }) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Tests of Racial/Ethnic Differences in Annual Incidence |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual Incidence per 1,000 | (95\% CI) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Incidence } \\ & \text { Ratio } \\ & \text { (Relative to } \\ & \text { NCVS) } \end{aligned}$ | (95\% CI) | Annual Incidence per 1,000 | (95\% CI) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Incidence } \\ & \text { Ratio } \\ & \text { (Relative to } \\ & \text { NCVS) } \end{aligned}$ | (95\% CI) | Annual Incidence per 1,000 | (95\% CI) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Incidence } \\ & \text { Ratio } \\ & \text { (Relative to } \\ & \text { NCVS) } \end{aligned}$ | (95\% CI) | Overall Tests | Protected Tests |
| Personal Crimes ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Any Crimes of Violence | 187.7 | (144.4-231.0) | $4.5^{* * *}$ | (3.5-5.7) | 176.3 | (135.1-217.6) | $3.1^{* * *}$ | (2.6-3.8) | 104.8 | (64.2-145.3) | $2.8{ }^{* * *}$ | (1.8-4.2) | p< 05 | African American > Hispanic; White > Hispanic |
| Completed Violence | 103.0 | (68.4-137.6) | 4.4*** | (3.4-5.7) | 57.8 | (35.1-80.4) | $3.0{ }^{* * *}$ | (2.3-4.0) | 55.9 | (26.5-85.3) | $2.6{ }^{* * *}$ | (1.9-3.6) | n.s. |  |
| Attempted/Threatened Violence | 84.7 | (55.8-113.6) | 4.6 *** | (3.1-6.7) | 118.6 | (82.8-154.4) | $3.2{ }^{* * *}$ | (2.6-3.9) | 48.9 | (20.1-77.6) | 3.0 ** | (1.6-5.9) | p< 05 | White > Hispanic |
| Rape/Sexual Assault | -_d |  |  |  | _-d |  |  |  | _-_d |  |  |  |  |  |
| Robbery | 30.7 | (11.2-50.3) | 2.9 *** | (2.0-4.3) | 42.8 | (21.3-64.4) | 4.4*** | (2.6-7.6) | 34.7 | (9.8-59.5) | 2.9 *** | (1.7-5.0) |  |  |
| Assault | 157.0 | (117.1-196.9) | 5.1*** | (3.7-6.9) | 133.5 | (97.1-170.0) | 2.9 *** | (2.4-3.5) | 70.1 | (37.4-102.8) | $2.7{ }^{* *}$ | (1.5-5.1) | p < . 01 | African American > Hispanic; <br> White > Hispanic |
| Aggravated | 60.6 | (34.0-87.3) | $5.5^{* * *}$ | (3.8-8.0) | 23.9 | (10.2-37.6) | $2.8{ }^{* * *}$ | (2.1-3.9) | 23.0 | (6.7-39.3) | $2.8{ }^{* *}$ | (1.3-6.2) | p< 05 | African American > Hispanic; <br> African American > White |
| Simple | 96.3 | (64.9-127.8) | $4.8{ }^{* * *}$ | (3.3-7.1) | 109.6 | (75.5-143.7) | 2.9 *** | (2.4-3.6) | 47.1 | (18.6-75.6) | 2.7 ** | (1.4-5.0) | $\mathrm{p}<.05$ | African American > Hispanic; White > Hispanic |
| Personal Theft <br> (Theft of Property from Person) ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 151.6 | (110.1-193.1) | $39.7{ }^{* * *}$ | (18.0-87.5) | 137.1 | (97.7-176.4) | 59.7*** | (32.1-111.1) | 86.4 | (42.4-130.5) | 209.7*** | (30.5-1441.8) | n.s. |  |
| Property Crimes | 343.0 | (271.7-414.3) | $1.3{ }^{* * *}$ | (1.1-1.6) | 422.9 | (348.5-497.2) | $1.7{ }^{*}$ | (1.5-1.9) | 412.4 | (298.2-526.6) | 1.5 ** | (1.2-2.1) | n.s. |  |
| Household Burglary | 132.2 | (80.0-184.3) | $2.0{ }^{* * *}$ | (1.6-2.6) | 166.1 | (110.2-222.1) | 3.2*** | (2.7-3.8) | 129.3 | (48.8-209.7) | $2.7{ }^{* * *}$ | (1.8-4.0) | n.s. |  |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 9.0 | (0.9-17.2) | $0.4{ }^{* * *}$ | (0.3-0.6) | 8.0 | $(-7.6-23.7)^{e}$ | $0.5^{* * *}$ | (0.4-0.7) | 19.6 | $(-7.6-46.9)^{e}$ | 0.9 | (0.5-1.5) | n.s. |  |
| Property Theft | 201.8 | (142.2-261.5) | 1.2 | (0.9-1.6) | 248.7 | (181.6-315.9) | $1.4{ }^{* * *}$ | (1.2-1.6) | 263.5 | (162.8-364.3) | $1.3{ }^{*}$ | (1.0-1.8) | n.s. |  |

* The two tail probability that the confidence bound of the incidence ratio overlaps with 1.0 (no effect) is < 05 .
** The two tail probability that the confidence bound of the incidence ratio overlaps with 1.0 (no effect) is < . 01 .
*** The two tail probability that the confidence bound of the incidence ratio overlaps with 1.0 (no effect) is < . 001 .

${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Categories and subcategories of Type of Crime are those used in NCVS publications.
 categories of violent crimes. Personal theft is the only personal crime that is not also a violent crime .
${ }^{\text {d }}$ There are too few cases of rape/sexual assault in the sample of males with SMI to report incidence rates, incidence ratios or tests by race/ethnicity.


