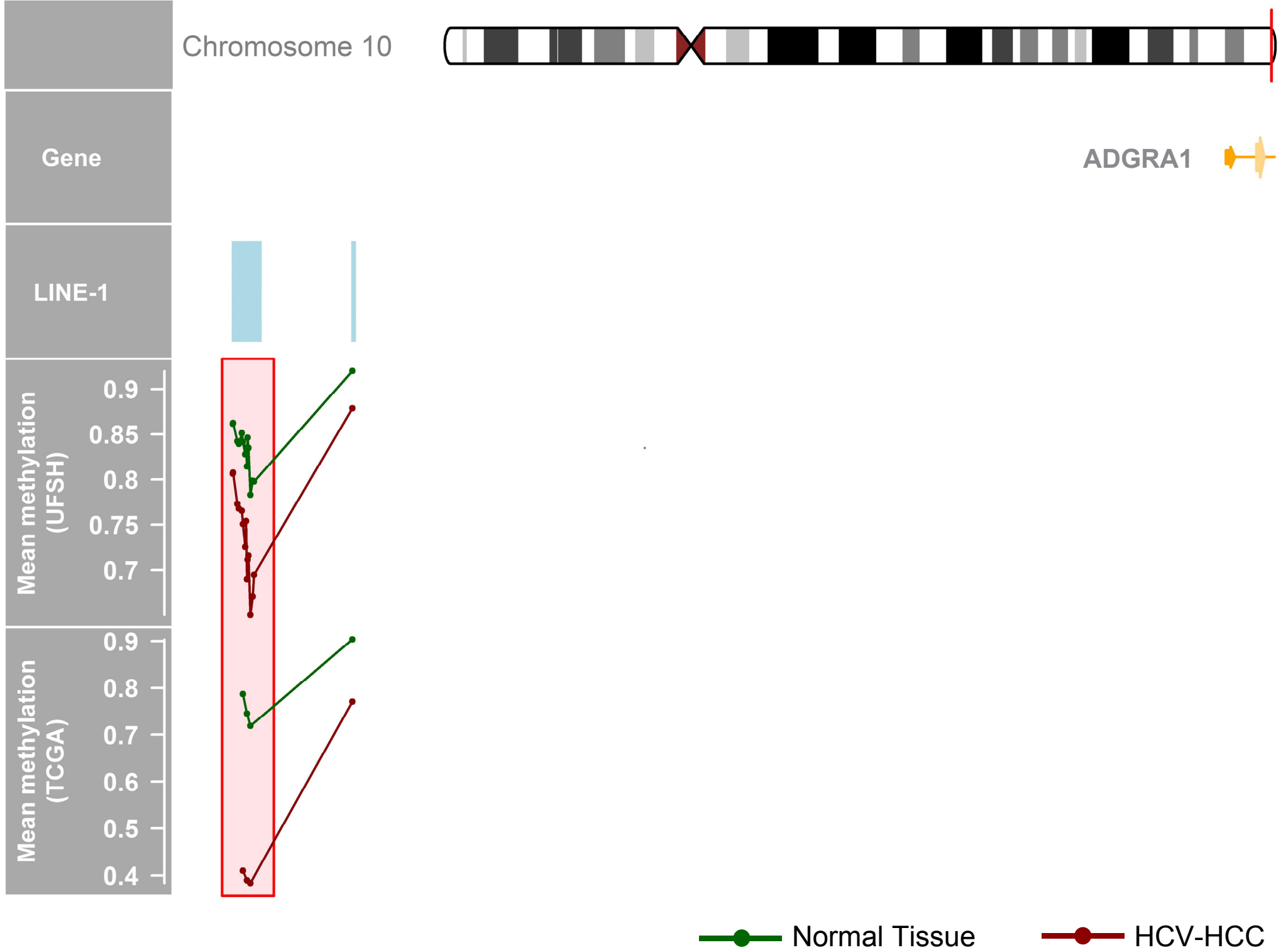


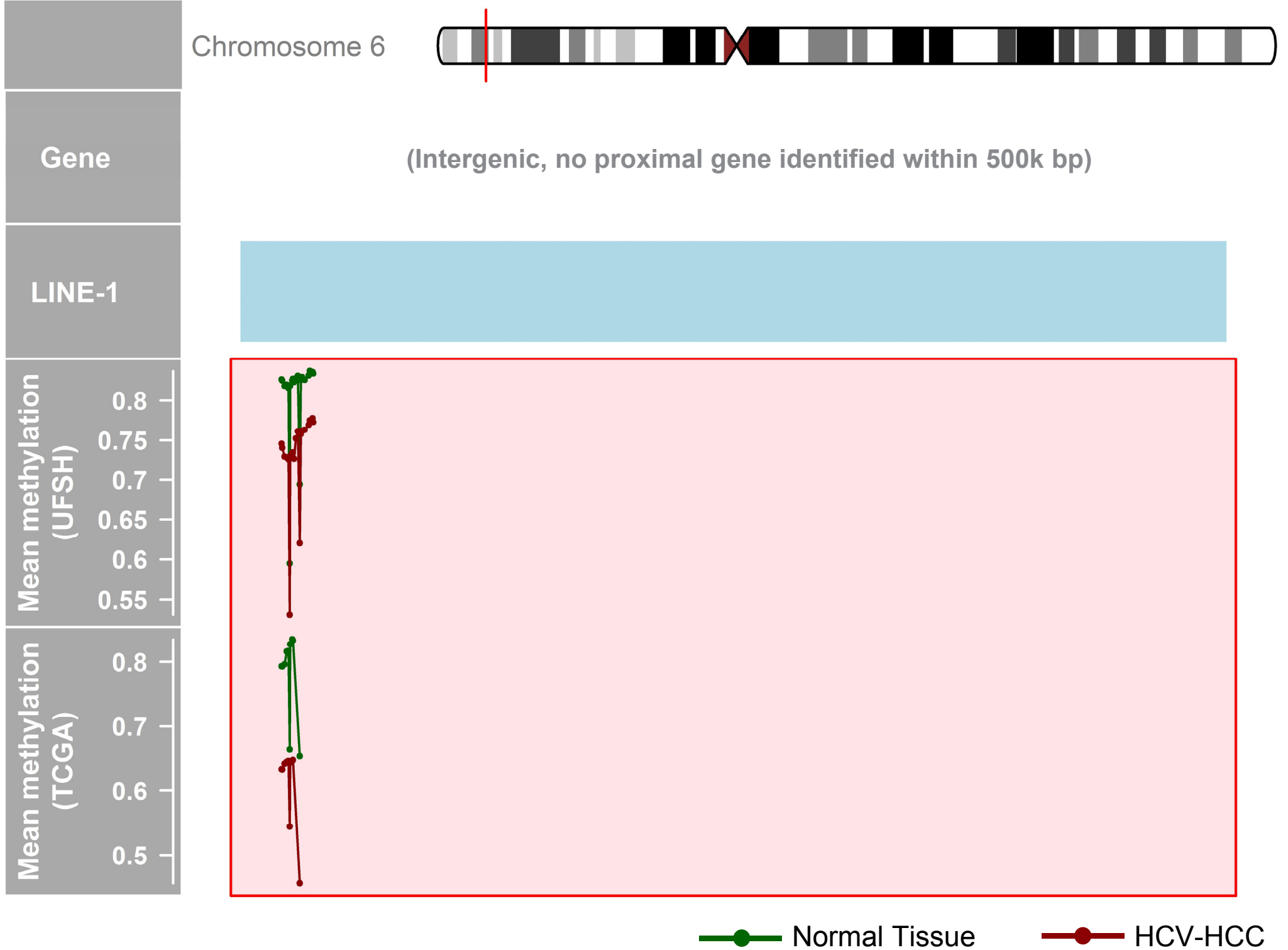
## Extended Figures

*Zheng et. al.*

DNA Methylation of Individual Repetitive Elements in Hepatitis C Virus Infection-Induced Hepatocellular Carcinoma

Note: The following figures provide the genomic views of the identified 15 HCV-HCC-associated RE and their proximal gene within 500 kb (one gene per figure; presented as the same order as Table 2). Mean methylation levels for each CpGs in REs across HCV-HCC and normal liver tissue are plotted to demonstrate the hypo-/hyper-methylation patterns. The identified differentially methylated RE region(s) are highlighted by red shaded frame(s). Both UFSH and TCGA results are shown.





LINE-1 chr7:4388884-4389235

LINE-1 chr7:4085177-4085587

Chromosome 7

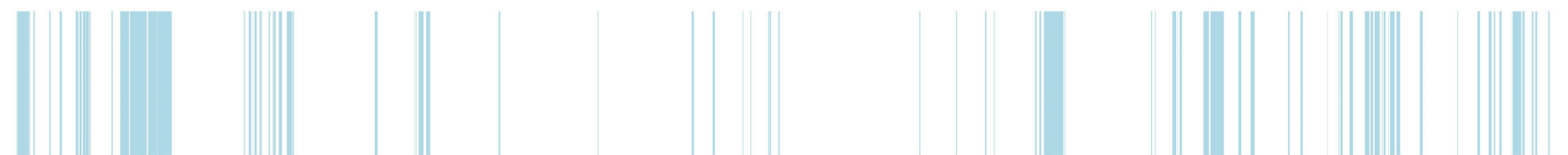
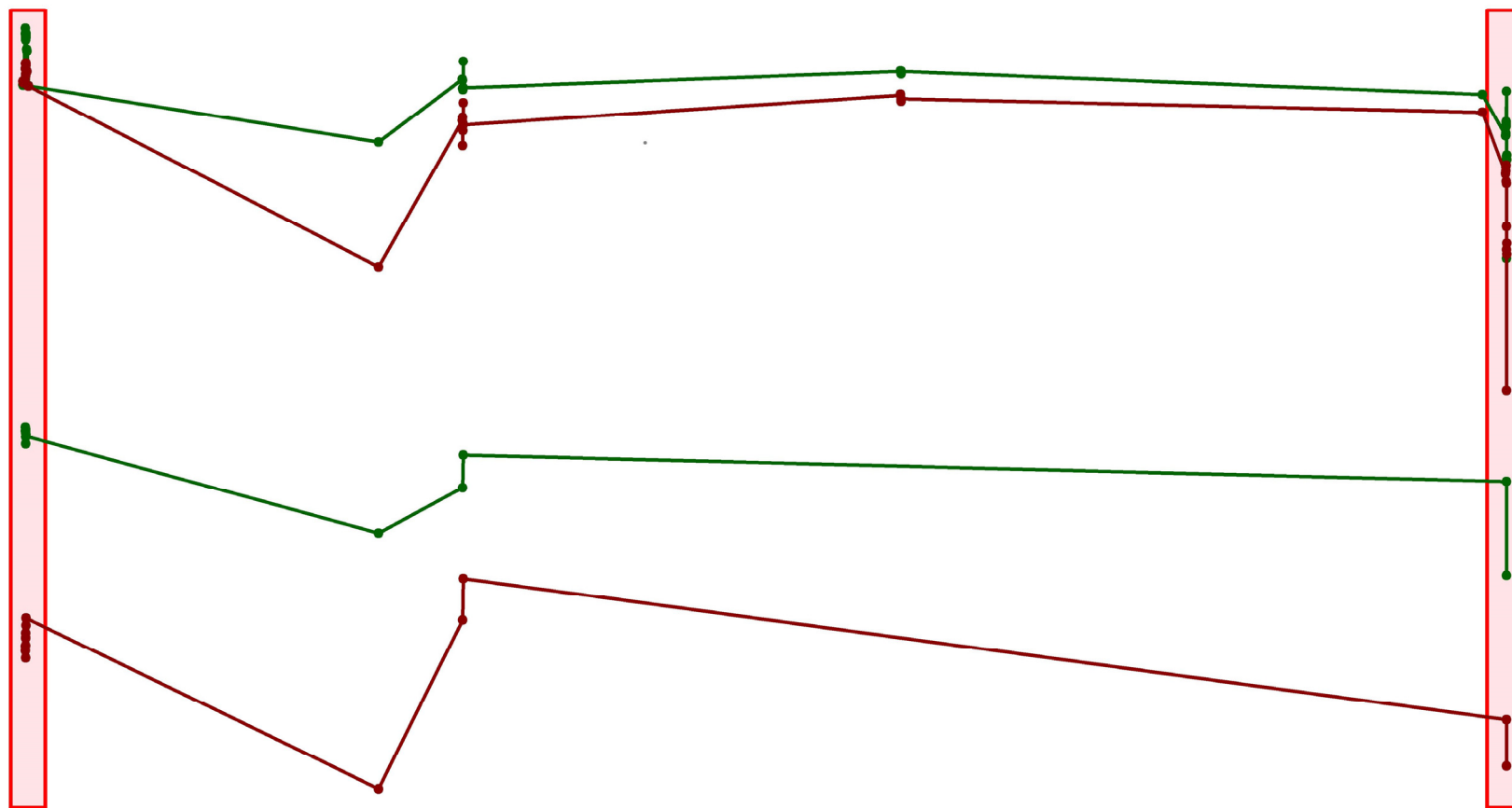


SDK1

Gene



LINE-1

Mean methylation  
(UFSH)0.9  
0.8  
0.7  
0.6Mean methylation  
(TCGA)0.9  
0.8  
0.7  
0.6  
0.5  
0.4  
0.3

—●— Normal Tissue

—●— HCV-HCC

LINE-1 chr7:157594780-157595648

LINE-1 chr7:157318533-157319261

Chromosome 7



PTPRN2

Gene



LINE-1

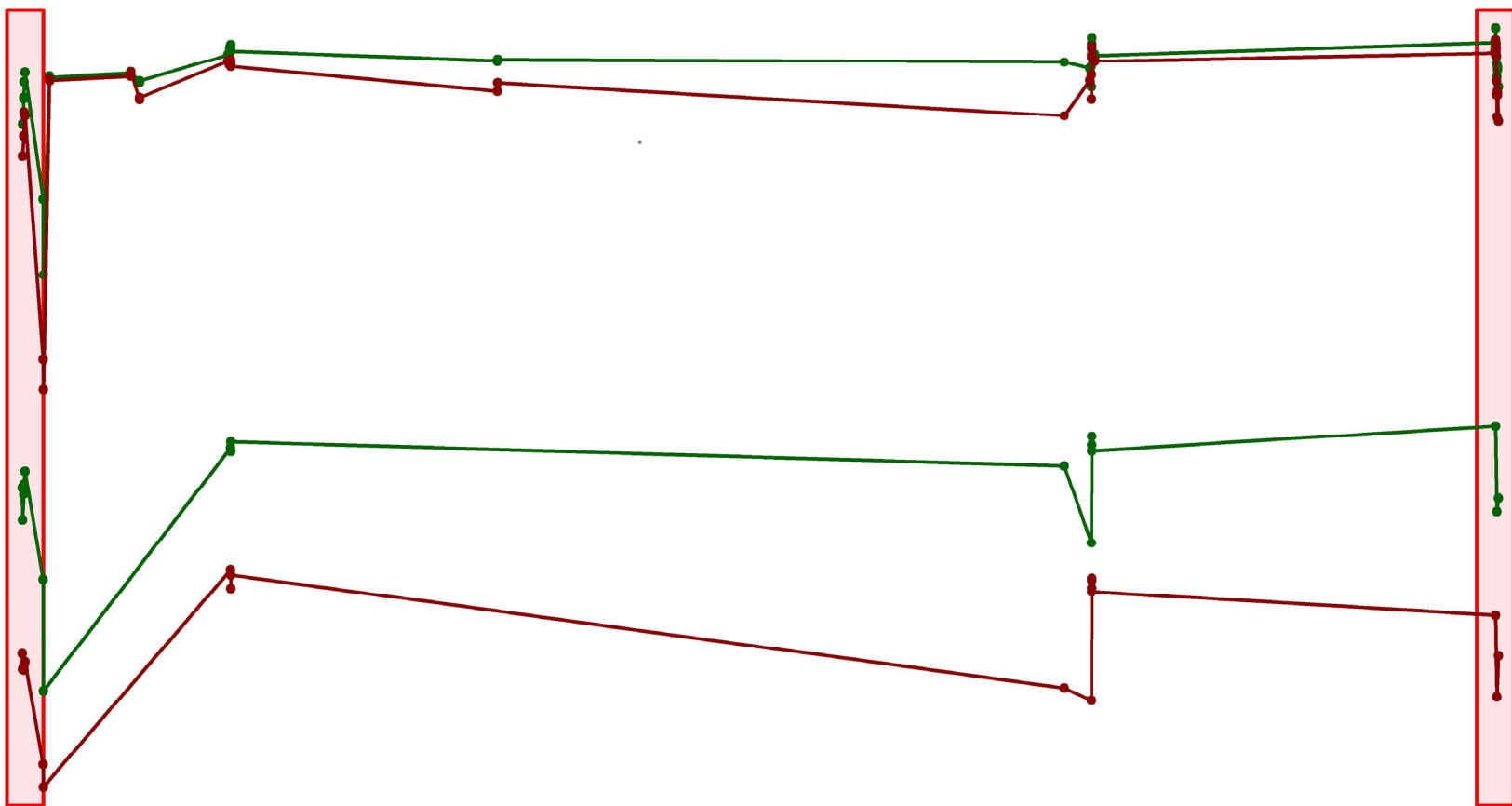


Mean methylation  
(UFSH)

0.8  
0.6  
0.4

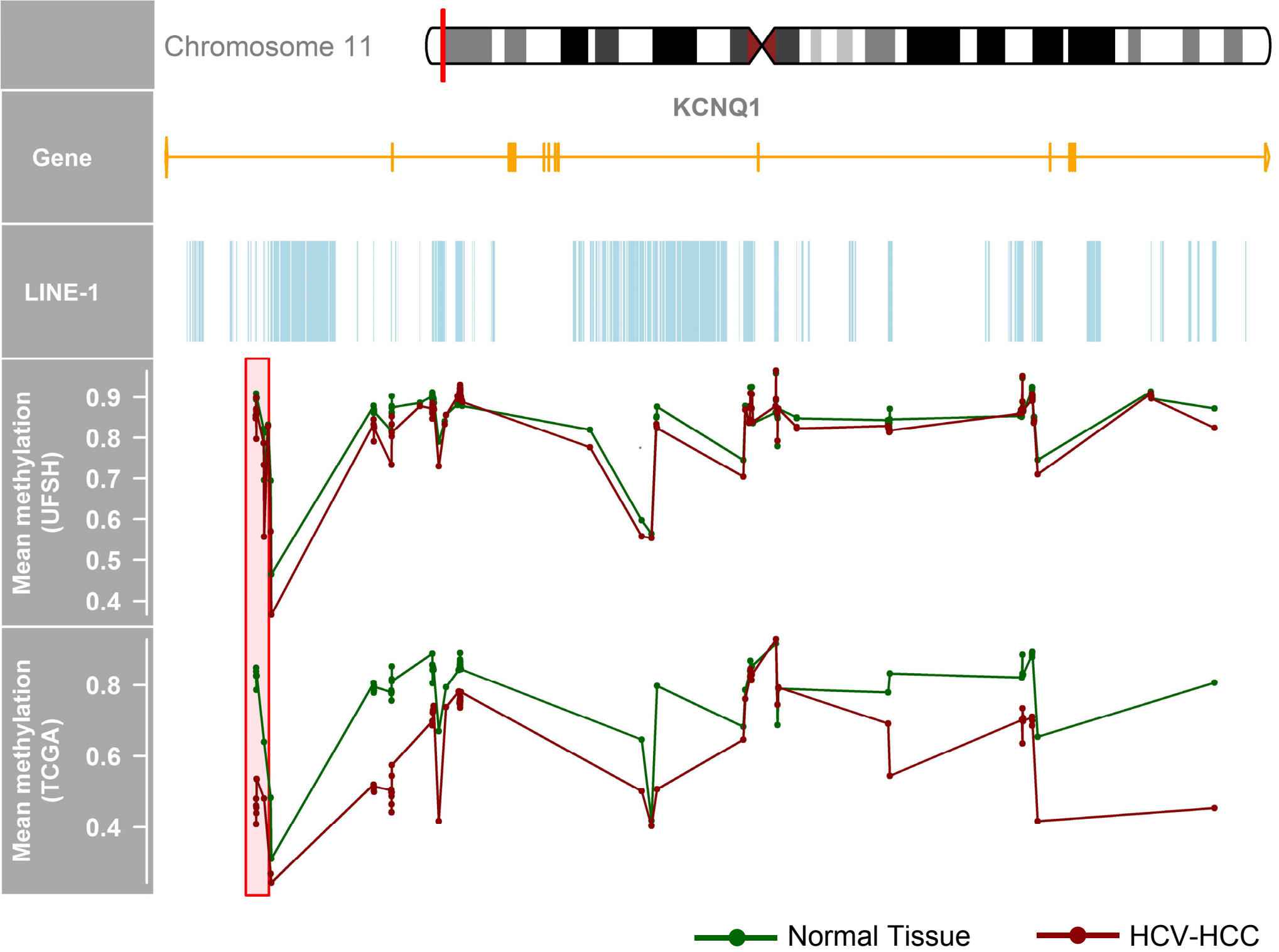
Mean methylation  
(TCGA)

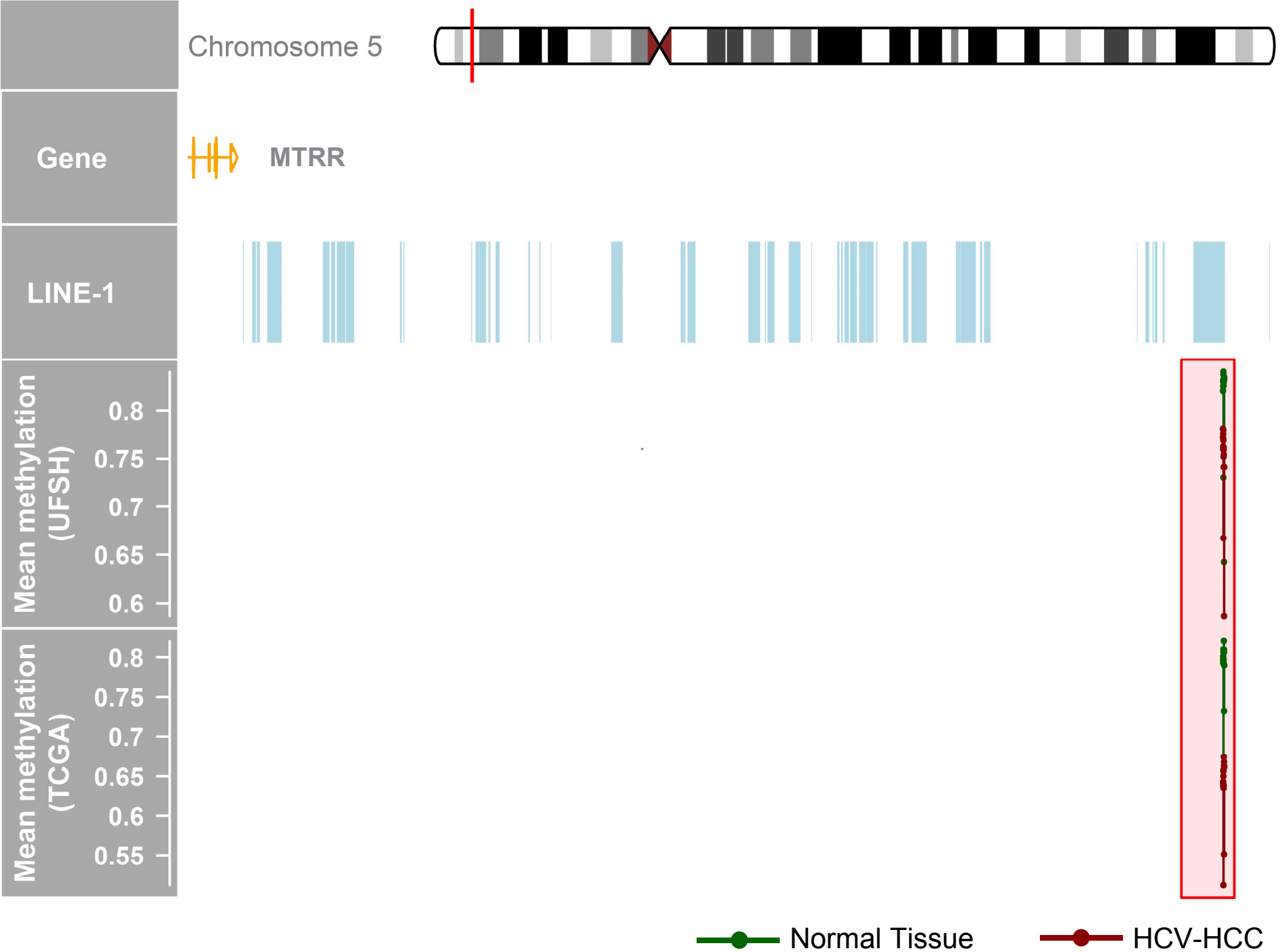
0.8  
0.6  
0.4  
0.2

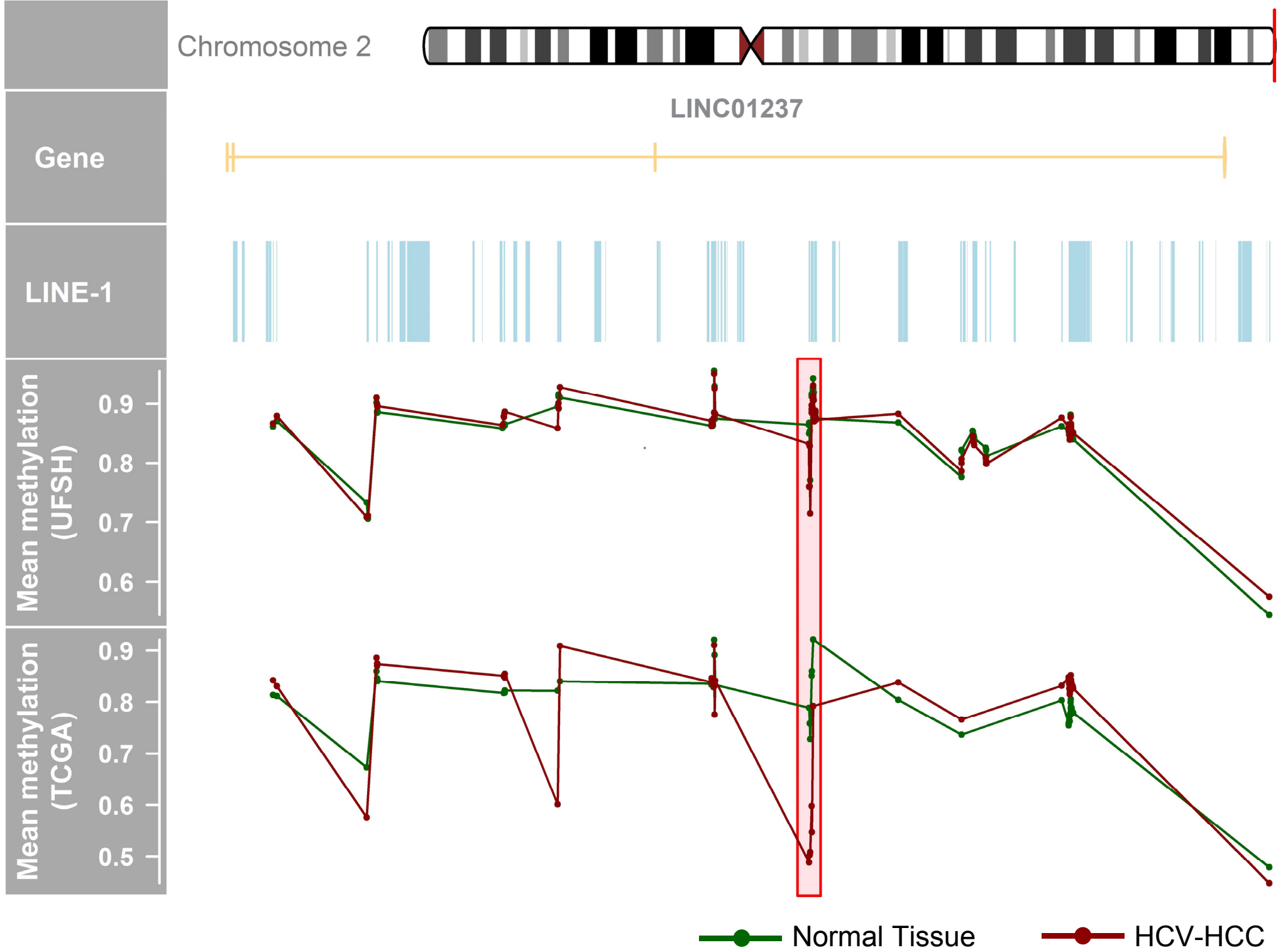


Normal Tissue

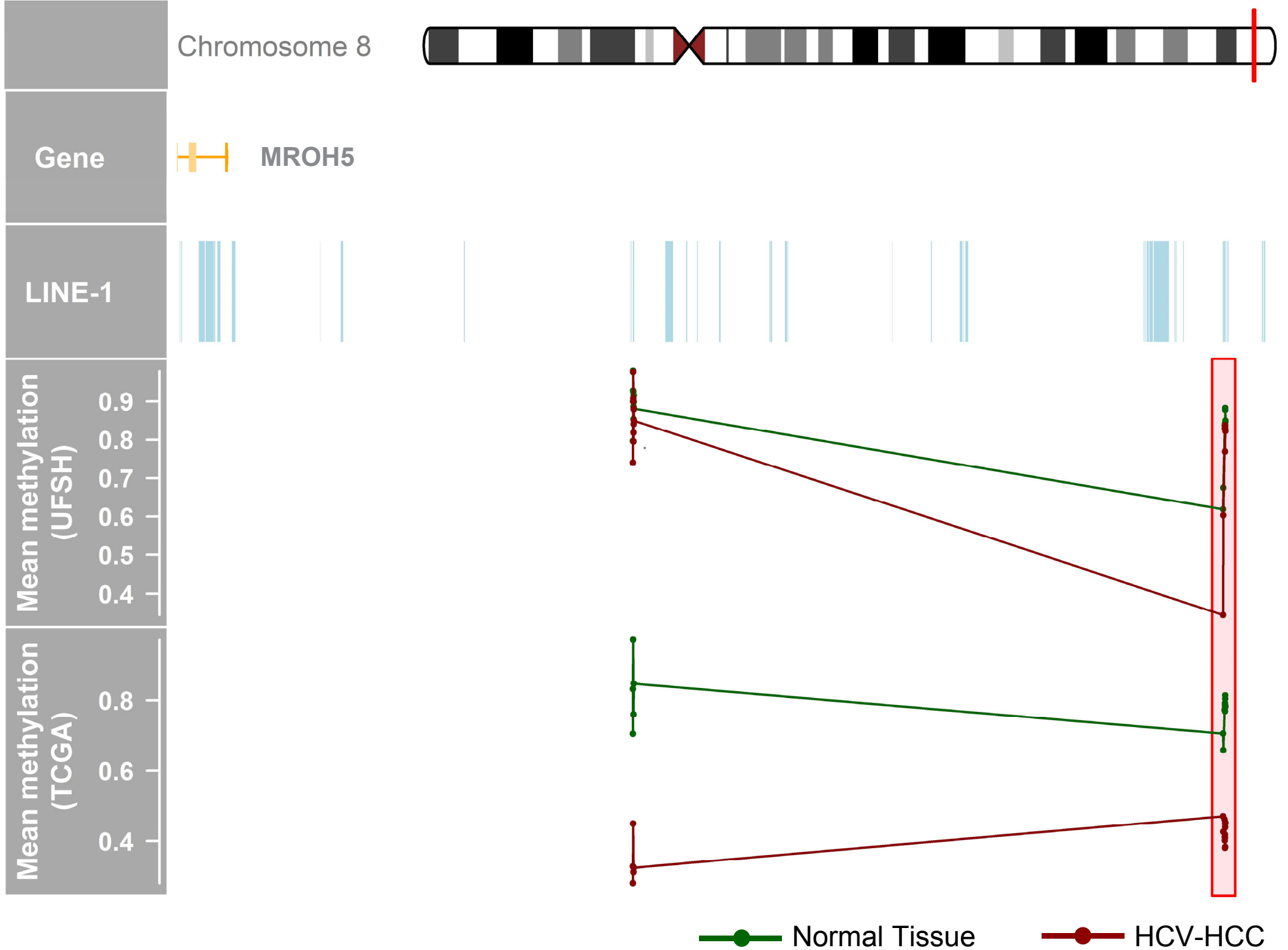
HCV-HCC

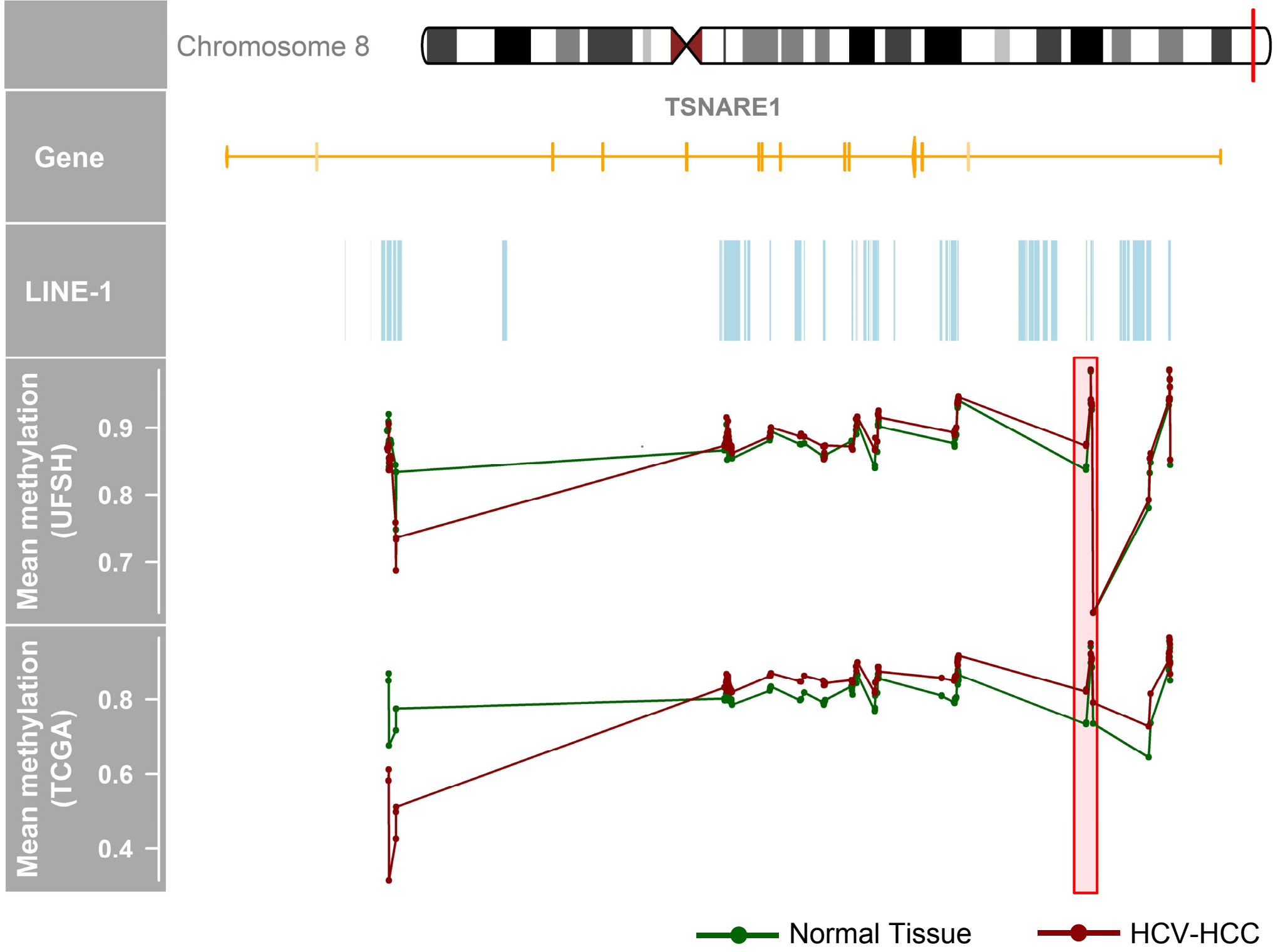


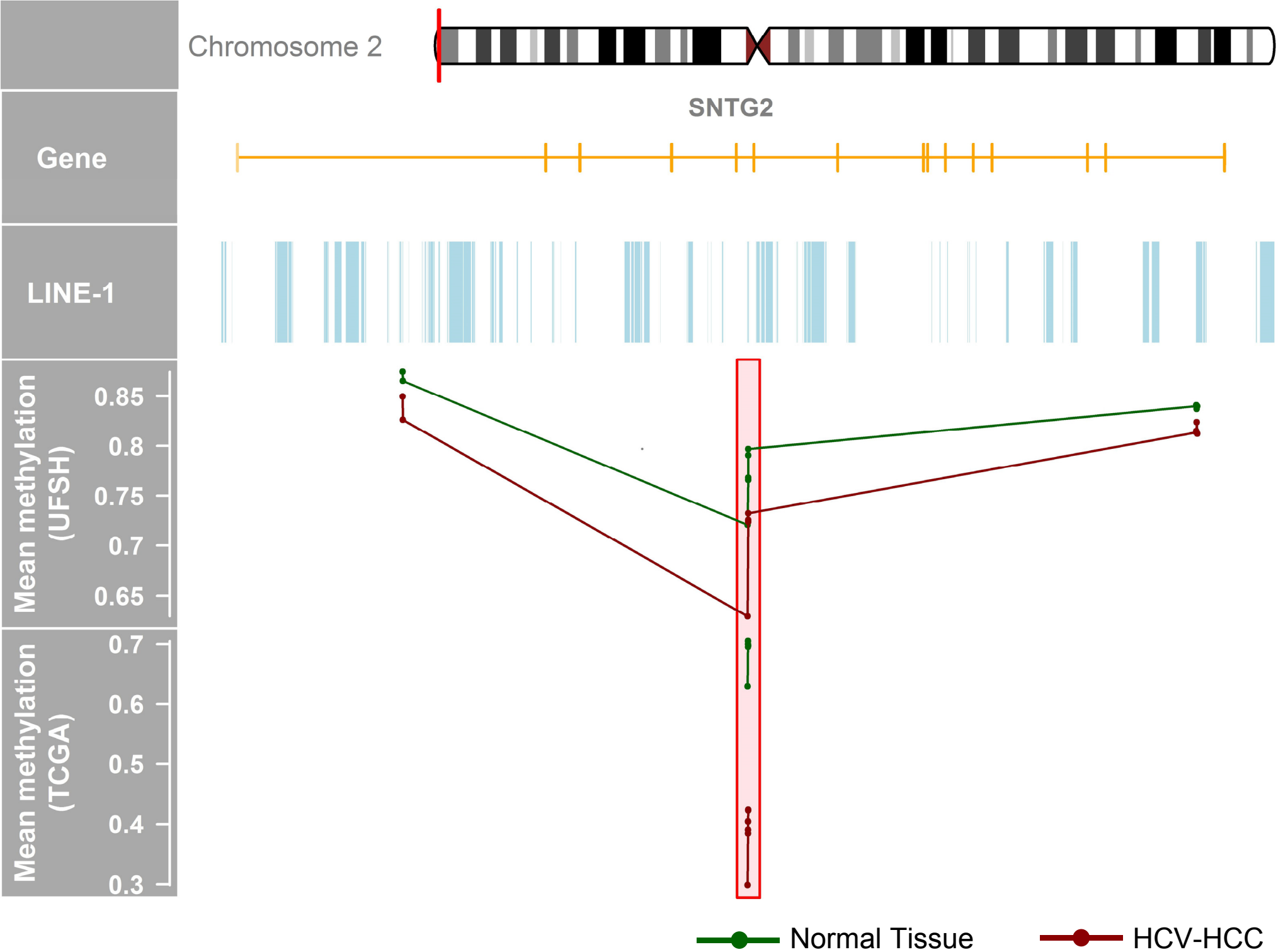


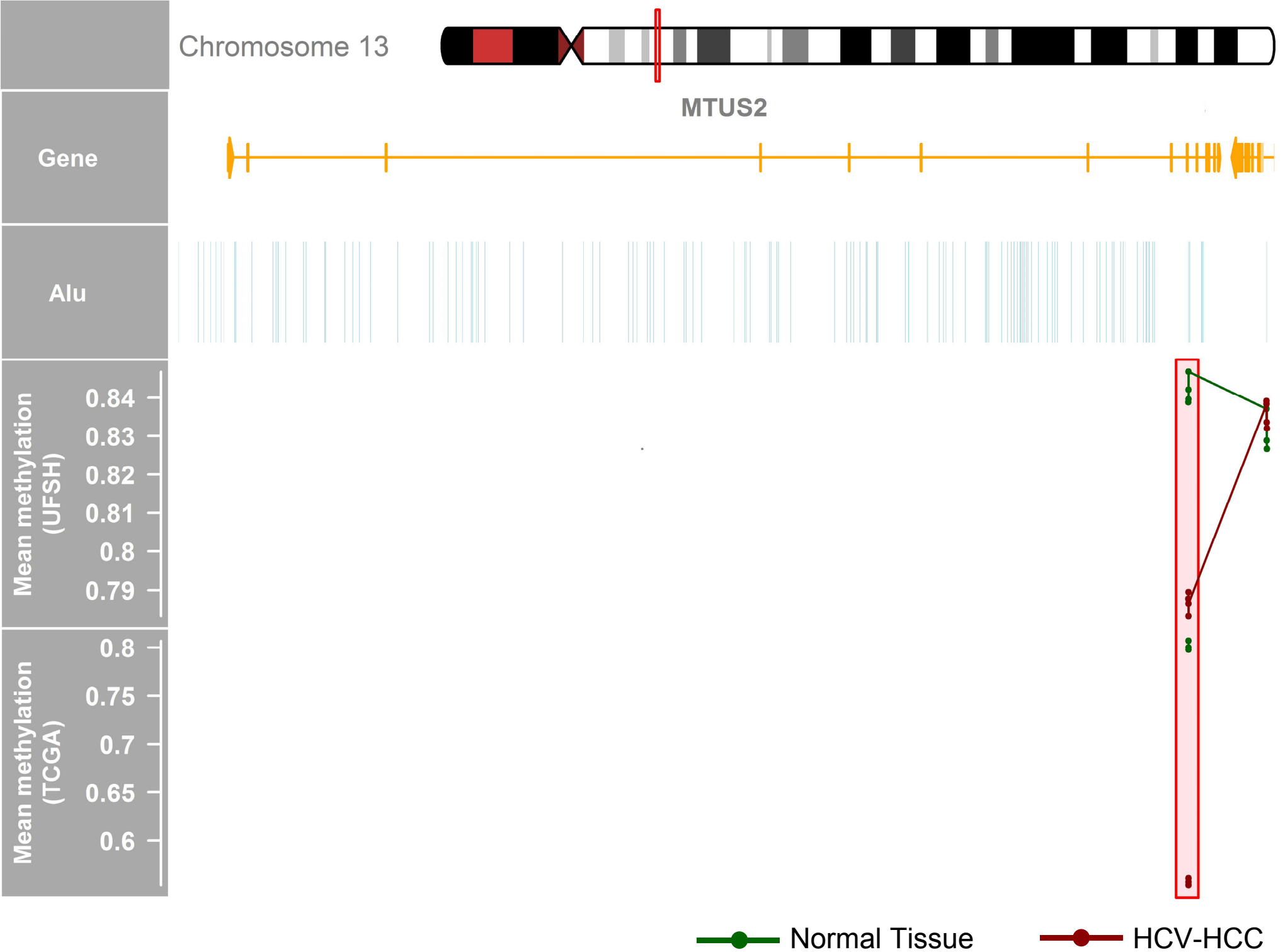












Alu chrX:103294139-103294294

