

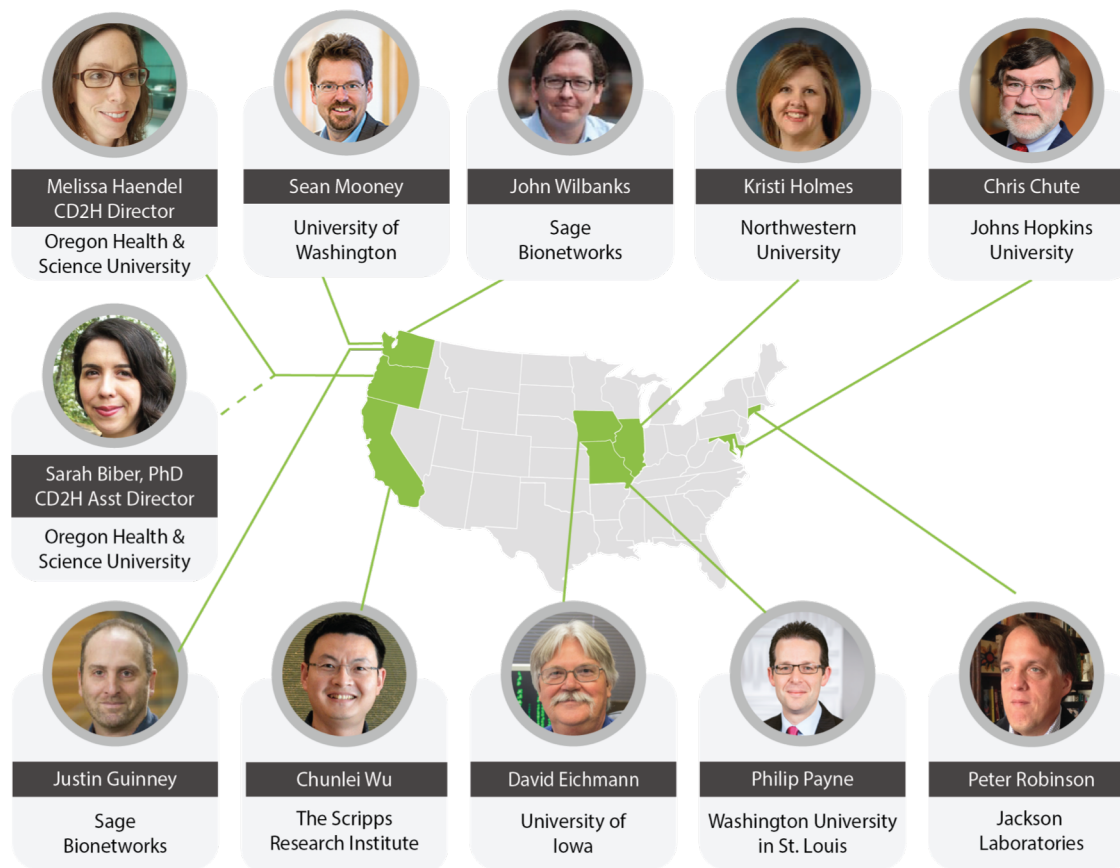
# A computational approach to attribution

A project to make more meaningful connections between people, their roles, their work and impacts.



**29 October 2018**  
**Kristi Holmes, PhD**  
**#RO2018. @kristiholmes**

# Who we are and who we serve



## The community we serve



9 CD2H Sites

iDTF



Center for Leading Innovation & Collaboration



National Center for Advancing Translational Sciences

The larger informatics community

# CD2H: National Center for Data to Health

*Data & Informatics Coordinating Center for the CTSA Program*

## *Accelerating Informatics Innovation to Advance Translational Research*



Make Data Easier to Share  
and Re-use



Make Tools More Accessible  
and Interoperable



Leverage Expertise and  
Foster a More Collaborative  
CTSA Culture



Better translation  
of research and  
improved patient  
care

# What \*IS\* impact?

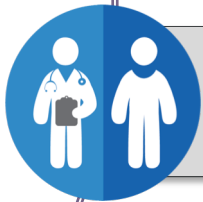
*More than papers and grants – we are driving toward improved health and wellbeing*



IMPROVEMENTS IN HEALTH THROUGH TREATMENT AND PREVENTION



CONTRIBUTIONS TO SOCIETY THROUGH ECONOMIC GROWTH AND PRODUCTIVITY

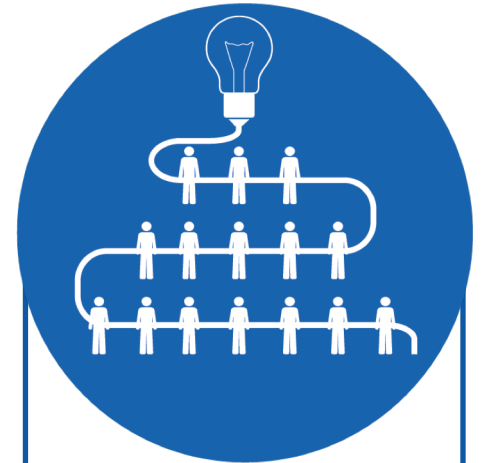


EXPANSION OF THE BIOMEDICAL KNOWLEDGE BASE THROUGH CUTTING-EDGE RESEARCH



CULTIVATION OF THE BIOMEDICAL WORKFORCE OF TODAY AND TOMORROW

<https://www.nih.gov/about-nih/what-we-do/impact-nih-research>



*For effective translation of knowledge and discoveries into the improved health of our communities, it is essential to incorporate evaluation strategies that enable investigators and teams to measure, monitor, and communicate the impact of their work*



# Contributors and expertise needed for a genetic diagnosis

Clinical/care      Pathology      Ontologist      CS/informatics      Curator      Basic research



Thomas Markello

Dong Chen

Justin Y. Kwan

Iren Horkayne-Szakaly

Alan Morrison

Olga Simakova

Irina Maric

Jay Lozier

Andrew R. Cullinane

Tatjana Kilo

Lynn Meister

Kourosh Pakzad

Sanjay Chainani

Roxanne Fischer

Camilo Toro

James G. White

David Adams

Cornelius Boerkoel

William A. Gahl

Cynthia J. Tifft

Meral Gunay-Aygun

Hans Goeble

Karen Balbach

Nadine Pfeifer

Sandra Werner

Christian Linden

Melissa Haendel

Peter Robinson

Chris Mungall

Sebastian Kohler

Cindy Smith

Nicole Vasilevsky

Sandra Dolken

Elizabeth Lee

Amanda Links

Will Bone

Murat Sincan

Damian Smedley

Jules Jacobson

Nicole Washington

Elise Flynn

Sebastian Kohler

Orion Buske

Marta Girdea

Michael Brudno

Jeremy Band

Melissa Haendel

David Adams

David Draper

Bailey Gallinger

Joie Davis

Nicole Vasilevsky

Heather Trang

Rena Godfrey

Gretchen Golas

Catherine Groden

Michele Nehrebecky

Ariane Soldatos

Elise Valkanas,

Colleen Wahl

Lynne Wolfe

Johannes Grosse

Attila Braun

David Varga-Szabo

Niklas Beyersdorf

Boris Schneider

Lutz Zeitlmann

Petra Hanke

Patricia Schropp

Silke Mühlstedt

Carolyn Zorn

Michael Huber

Carolyn Schmittwolf

Wolfgang Jagla

Philipp Yu

Thomas Kerkau

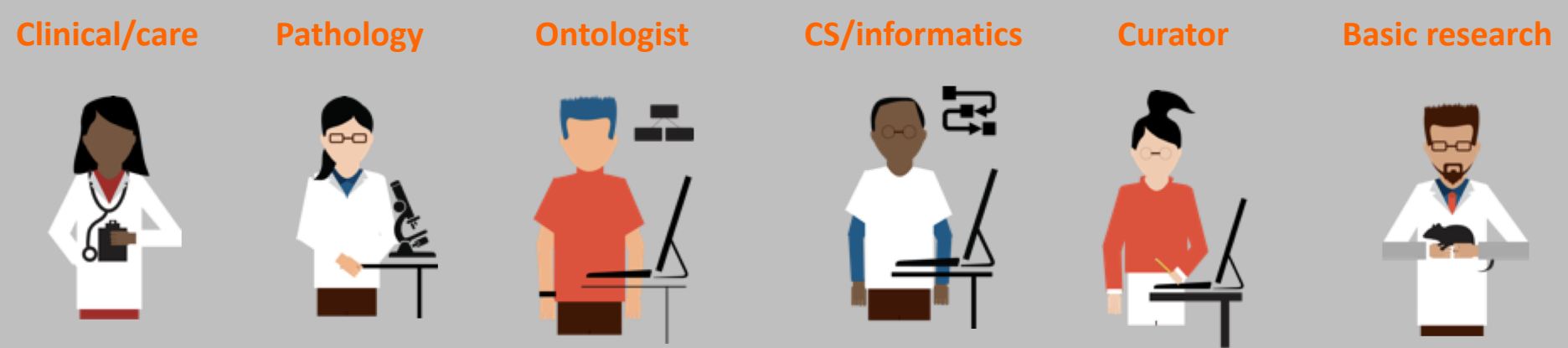
Harald Schulze

Michael Nehls

Bernhard Nieswandt

@ontowonka

# Contributors and expertise needed for a genetic diagnosis



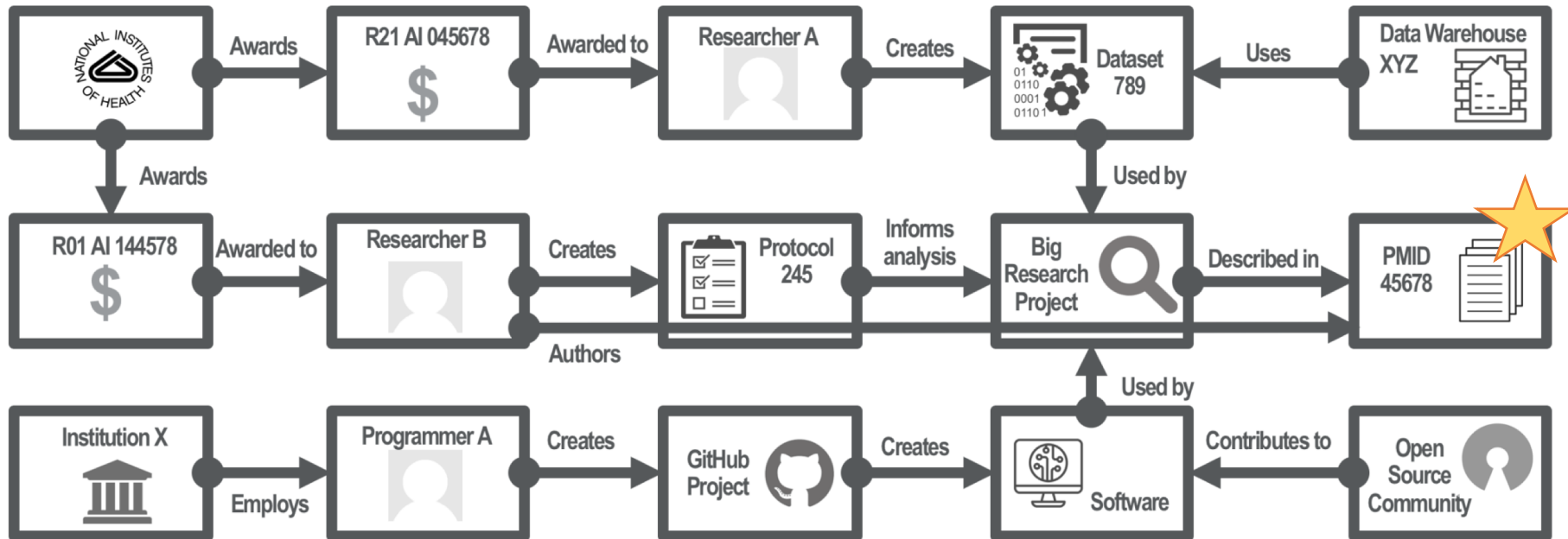
*How can we credit all of these contributors?*

*Moreover, how can we find the resources and people to form the scientific teams, collaborations, reviewers, we need?*

**A community journey**

Contributor Roles & Research Outputs

# Better attribution: extending credit beyond the publication



Adapted from Julie McMurry

What work is being done, who is doing it, and what outputs are being created?

1. Understand deeply the requirements for a computable attribution system from a large diversity of stakeholders;
2. Build model(s) to meet these requirements (CRO, ROO);
3. Evaluate the models in real pilot systems with real data.

***By using contribution roles & research outputs to develop infrastructure to understand the scholarly ecosystem, we can better understand, leverage, and credit a diverse translational workforce***

# The Informatics of Attribution

1. Understand deeply the requirements for a computable attribution system from a large diversity of stakeholders;
2. Build model(s) to meet these requirements; and
3. Evaluate the models in real pilot systems with real data.

*Development of data models to address these needs demands a rigorous requirements-driven approach*

## Key modeling challenges for development of integrative community standards

1. Accommodation of diverse and complex data types
2. Support needs of different applications and systems
3. Interoperability with broader data landscape

## Key tools necessary to drive change

1. Technology
2. Persistent identifiers
3. Data models
4. Connections – of all kinds!



# OpenVIVO

*Implementation of a community-driven concept of credit*

The screenshot shows the OpenVIVO profile page for Sören Auer. The header includes the OpenVIVO logo, a search bar, and links for Index and Log in. The navigation menu contains Home, People, Organizations, Research, Events, and Capability Map. The profile section for Sören Auer includes a photo, contact information (email: auer@cs.uni-bonn.de, soeren.auer@iais.fraunhofer.de), and a QR code. It also lists positions: Chair for Enterprise Information Systems at the University of Bonn (2013-) and Head of Department at Fraunhofer Society (2013-). Research areas include Automation (FAST), Computer integrated manufacturing systems (FAST), Database management (FAST), Information technology--Information services (FAST), Knowledge management (FAST), Semantic Web (FAST), Semantic computing (FAST), and Semantic integration (Computer systems) (FAST). A graph shows 20 publications in VIVO in the last 10 full years. Links for Co-author Network and Map of Science are provided. The Publications tab is active, showing selected publications: an academic article 'Linked Data in Business' in Business & Information Systems Engineering (2016) and a book 'Linked Enterprise Data' (2014) with an Altmetric score of 4.

1. Provide a VIVO experience for everyone, a demonstration of VIVO, a platform for experimentation, and an ownership experience for the VIVO team
2. Use persistent identifiers for all entities – people (ORCID), works (DOI and PMID), organizations (GRID), journals (ISSN), concepts (FAST)
3. Automatic, real-time ingest of metadata from identifiers via public APIs
4. Publication of data
5. Consumption and reuse of data
6. Attribution of works by scholars to indicate roles in works

*--Mike Conlon, VIVO Project Director*

*My own profile was completed entirely with publicly available data via ORCID and DOIs and it took about 15 minutes to complete from start to finish.*

**<http://openvivo.org/>**

# OpenVIVO

Implementation of a community-driven concept of credit

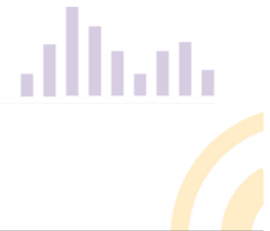
The screenshot shows the OpenVIVO website interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'OpenVIVO' logo, a search bar, and links for 'Index' and 'Log in'. Below the navigation bar, the main content area displays a user profile for a 'contributor to'. The profile is organized into sections based on roles: 'background and literature search role', 'conceptualization role', 'data aggregation role', and 'data analysis role'. Each role section lists several publications with links to the full text, the journal name, and the year. For example, under 'background and literature search role', there are publications in *PLoS Biology* (2012), *International Review of Neurobiology* (2012), and *Genome Biology / Adv Genome Biol.* (R5, 2012). A '... more' button is present at the end of each list. On the left side of the profile, there are links for 'Home', 'Contact' (with email addresses), 'Websites' (with links to 'Professional homepage' and 'Workgroup'), and 'Publications'.

1. Provide a VIVO experience for everyone, a demonstration of VIVO, a platform for experimentation, and an ownership experience for the VIVO team
  2. Use persistent identifiers for all entities – people (ORCID), works (DOI and PMID), organizations (GRID), journals (ISSN), concepts (FAST)
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- Mike Conlon, VIVO Project Director

My o  
and i

DOIs

<http://openvivo.org/>



TECHNOLOGY REPORT ARTICLE

Front. Res. Metr. Anal., 01 March 2018 | <https://doi.org/10.3389/frma.2017.00012>



# OpenVIVO: Transparency in Scholarship

Violeta Ilik<sup>1\*</sup>, Michael Conlon<sup>2</sup>, Graham Triggs<sup>3</sup>, Marijane White<sup>4</sup>, Muhammad Javed<sup>5</sup>, Matthew Brush<sup>4</sup>, Karen Gutzman<sup>6</sup>, Shahim Essaid<sup>4</sup>, Paul Friedman<sup>6</sup>, Simon Porter<sup>7</sup>, Martin Szomszor<sup>7</sup>, Melissa Anne Haendel<sup>4</sup>, David Eichmann<sup>8</sup> and Kristi L. Holmes<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Stony Brook University, Stony Brook, NY, United States

<sup>2</sup>University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, United States

<sup>3</sup>University of Oregon, Eugene, OR, United States

<sup>4</sup>University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, United States

<sup>5</sup>Digital Science, London, United Kingdom

<sup>6</sup>University of Iowa, Iowa, IA, United States

OpenVIVO is a free and open-hosted semantic web platform that anyone can join and that gathers and shares open data about scholarship in the world. OpenVIVO, based on the VIVO open-source platform, provides transparent access to data about the scholarly work of its participants. OpenVIVO demonstrates the use of persistent identifiers, the automatic real-time ingest of scholarly ecosystem metadata, the use of VIVO-ISF and related ontologies, the attribution of work, and the publication and reuse of data—all critical components of presenting, preserving, and tracking scholarship. The system was created by a cross-institutional team over the course of 3 months. The team created and used RDF models for research organizations in the world based on Digital Science GRID data, for academic journals based on data from CrossRef and the US National Library of Medicine, and created a new model for attribution of scholarly work. All models, data, and software are available in open repositories.

## Transparency in Scholarship

Scholarship requires knowledge of previous work. The growth of scholarship worldwide and the proliferation of scholarly output types—from papers and monographs to preprints, conference papers, datasets, posters, and presentation slides—have fundamentally changed the scholarly ecosystem from an environment dependent on libraries to one that is dependent on the electronic resources made available by libraries to support discovery and knowledge transfer. This shift clearly drives a need for the representation of scholarly works using standard metadata formats to facilitate indexing and discovery.

For scholars to have knowledge of previous work, the work must be indexed and discoverable via electronic systems. Metadata regarding the

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2,258  
TOTAL VIEWS

Altmetric score 27

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## TECHNOLOGY REPORT ARTICLE

Front. Res. Metr. Anal., 01 March 2018 | <https://doi.org/10.3389/frma.2017.00012>

# OpenVIVO: Transparency in Scholarship

Violeta Ilik<sup>1\*</sup>, Michael Conlon<sup>2</sup>, Graham Triggs<sup>3</sup>, Marijane White<sup>4</sup>, N. Gutzman<sup>5</sup>, Shahim Essaid<sup>4</sup>, Paul Friedman<sup>6</sup>, Simon Porter<sup>7</sup>, Martin Szöcs<sup>8</sup>, Eichmann<sup>8</sup> and Kristi L. Holmes<sup>6</sup>

Front. Res. Metr. Anal. 2, (01 March 2018) doi:10.3389/frma.2017.00012

Join us! Submit tickets! 😊

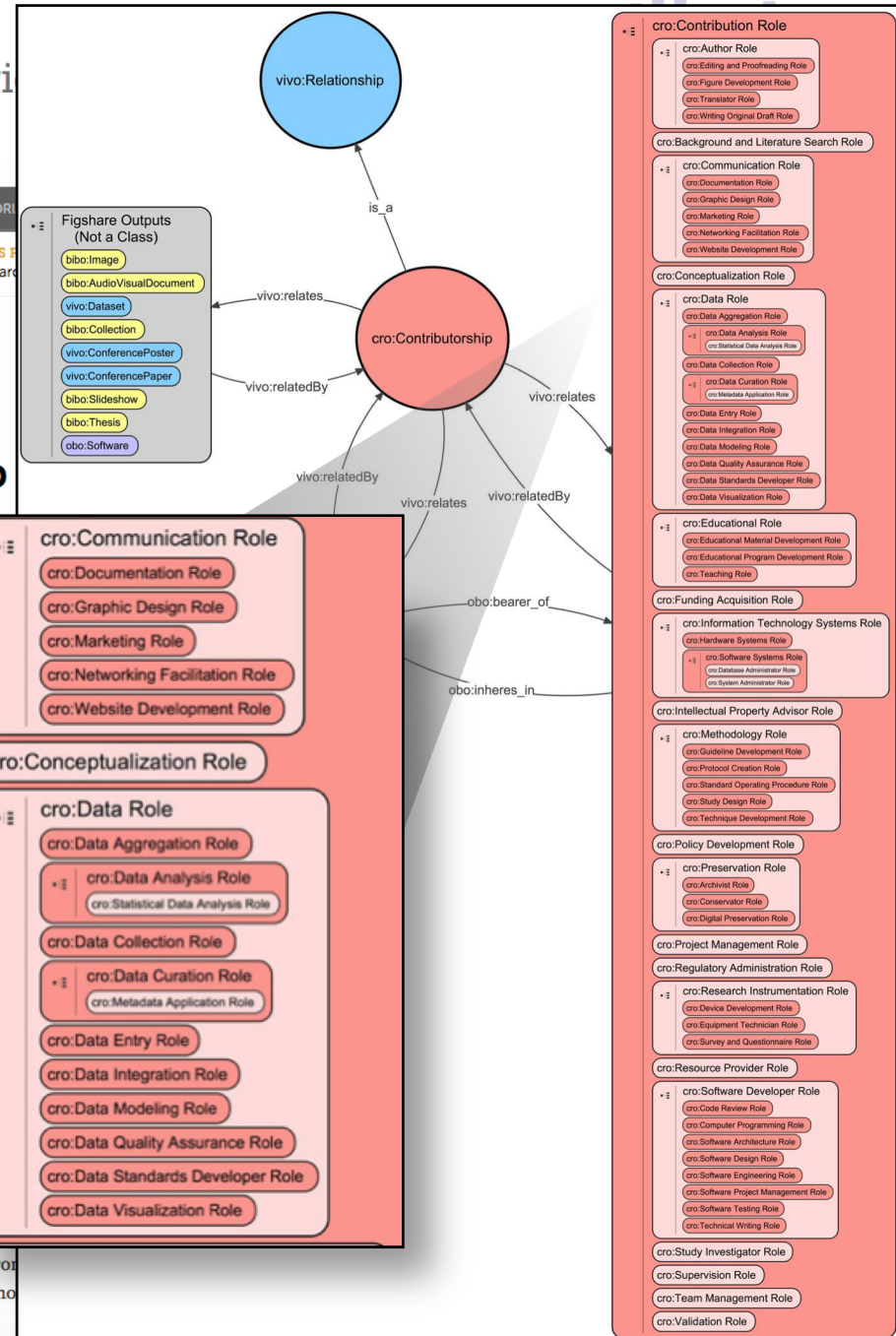
<https://github.com/data2health/contributor-role-ontology>

scholarly ecosystem metadata, the use of VIVO-ISF and related ontologies, the data—all critical components of presenting, preserving, and tracking scholarship team over the course of 3 months. The team created and used RDF models for Science GRID data, for academic journals based on data from CrossRef and the new model for attribution of scholarly work. All models, data, and software are

## Transparency in Scholarship

Scholarship requires knowledge of previous work. The growth of scholarship worldwide papers and monographs to preprints, conference papers, datasets, posters, and presentation ecosystem from an environment dependent on libraries to one that is dependent on the electronic discovery and knowledge transfer. This shift clearly drives a need for the representation of scholarship to facilitate indexing and discovery.

For scholars to have knowledge of previous work, the work must be indexed and discoverable via electronic systems. Metadata regarding the





COMMENT

Writing

*Nature* **508**, 312–313 (17 April 2014) doi:10.1038/508312a

Study  
conception

# Credit where credit is due

Liz Allen, Amy Brand, Jo Scott, Micah Altman and Marjorie Hlava are trialling digital taxonomies to help researchers to identify their contributions to collaborative projects.

Investigation

Formal  
analysis

Research today is rarely a one-person job. Original research papers with a single author are — particularly in

Through the endorsement of individuals' contributions, researchers can start to move beyond 'authorship' as the dominant measure of esteem. For funding agencies, better

journal articles could be classified using a 14-role taxonomy (see 'Who did what?'). The survey was sent to 1,200 corresponding authors of work published in PLOS journals, Elsevier Nature Publishing Group journals, Elsevier

## CRedit

CRedit ontology in OWL:

<https://github.com/data2health/credit-ontology>

# CRT

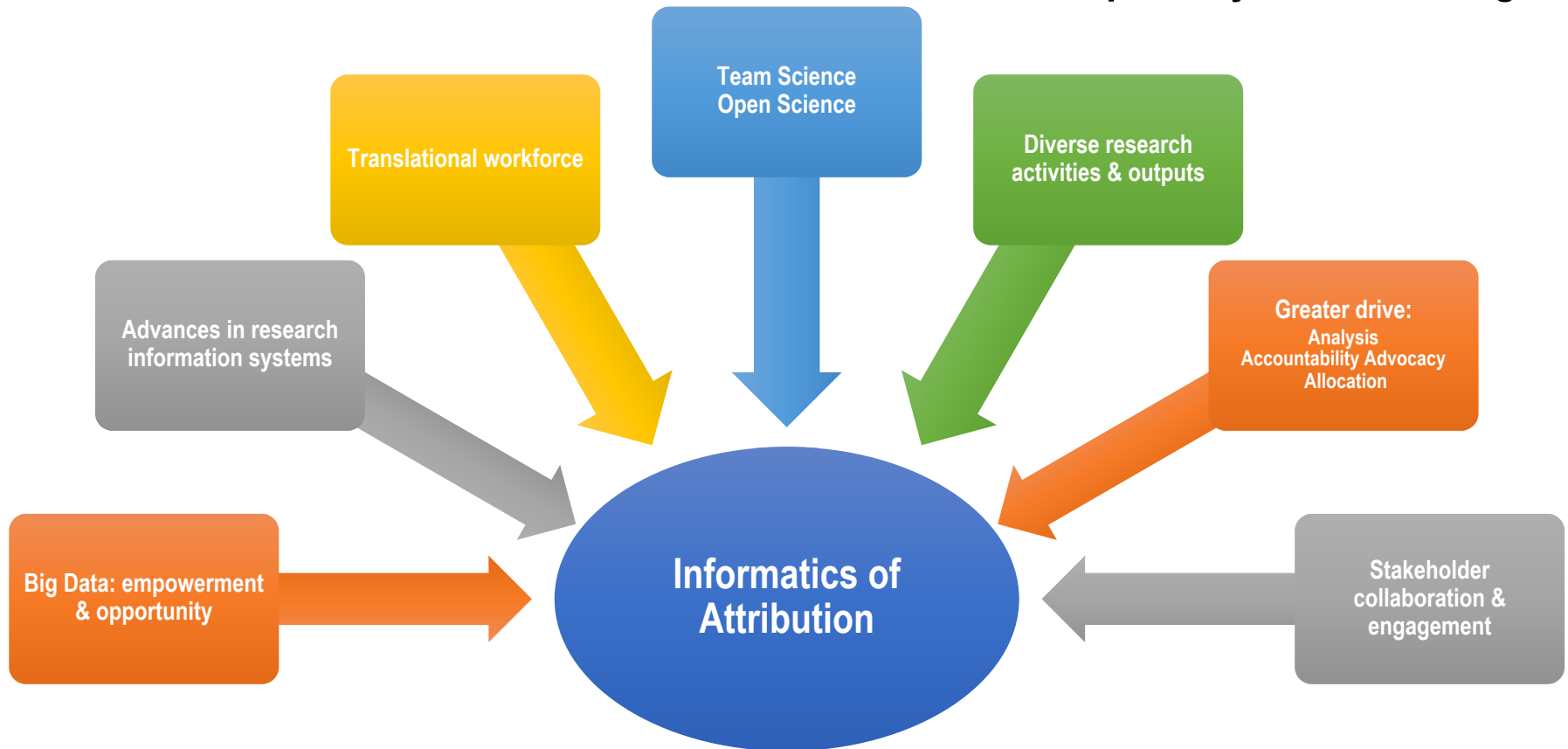
CRedit is high-level taxonomy, including 14 roles, that can be used to represent the roles typically played by contributors to scientific scholarly output. The roles describe each contributor's specific contribution to the scholarly output.

<https://casrai.org/credit/>

**It takes technology + culture.**

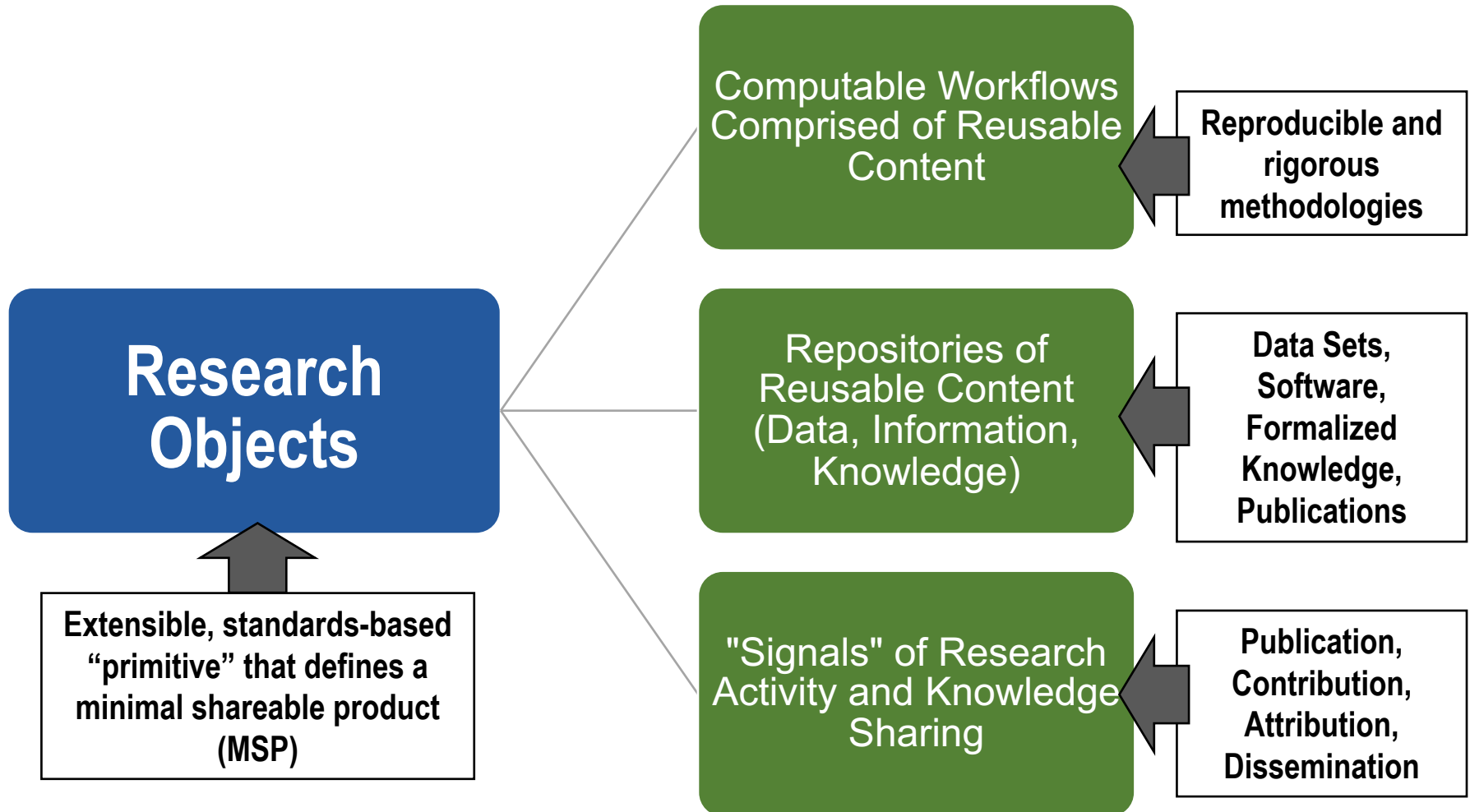
# Why now & how do we get there?

<http://bit.ly/AttributionSignUp>



# Research Objects: A Common Unit of Sharing Across Use Cases

@prpayne5





# Thank you

## Teams

- CD2H
  - **NU team:** Karen Gutzman, Patty Smith, Sara Gonzales
  - **OHSU team:** Marijane White, Nicole Vasilevsky, Melissa Haendel
- Northwestern University Clinical and Translational Sciences Institute
- OpenVIVO collaborators, Force11 Attribution WG, NISO, Cathy Sarli & Becker Library
- Galter Library, NUCATS, ChicagoCHEC, FIRST DailyLife, Health for All

## NIH Support

- U24TR002306 (NCATS)
- UL1TR001422 (NCATS)
- U54CA202995, U54CA202997, U54CA203000 (NCI)
- P30AR072579 (NIAMS)
- G08LM012688 (NLM)

## Contact us!

kristi.holmes@northwestern.edu  
@kristiholmes

<https://ctsa.ncats.nih.gov/cd2h/>  
@data2health

# Links to selected resources and projects

- National Center for Advancing Translational Sciences: <https://ncats.nih.gov/>
- Clinical and Translational Science Award (CTSA) Program: <https://ctsacentral.org/>
- Northwestern University Clinical and Translational Sciences Institute: <https://nucats.northwestern.edu/>
- OpenVIVO: <http://openvivo.org/> and <https://wiki.duraspace.org/display/VIVO/OpenVIVO+Task+Force>
- CD2H: <https://ctsa.ncats.nih.gov/cd2h/> and <https://github.com/data2health>
- FORCE11 Attribution Working Group: <https://www.force11.org/group/attributionwg>
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- White M, Haendel M, Brush M. Contribution Ontology: A repository for representation of a person's role in research processes and outputs [Data model]. 2016 Available from: <https://github.com/openrif/contribution-ontology>
- European Commission Directorate-General for Research and Innovation, Open Science Working Group on Rewards/Recognition. Evaluation of Research Careers fully acknowledging Open Science Practices: Rewards, incentives and/or recognition for researchers practicing Open Science [Report].. Brussels, Belgium: European Commission; 2017. Available from: [https://ec.europa.eu/research/openscience/pdf/os\\_rewards\\_wgreport.pdf](https://ec.europa.eu/research/openscience/pdf/os_rewards_wgreport.pdf) - view=fit&pagemode=none